



Overview

- Navy OAG top 10 METOC related
- How far have METOC TDAs come since last year?
 - TAWS (Target Acquisition Weapons Software)
 - AREPS (Advance Refractive Effects Prediction System)
 - OPARS / NFWB (Optimum Path Aircraft Routing System / Naval Flight Wx Briefer)
 - TAM (Target Area Meteorology)
- What's next?
 - JMPS initiatives
 - Your Requirements

Navy MP OAG 02 TOP 10 Requirements

#6 Improve sensor performance prediction tools that account for environmental effects and seamlessly integrate into current and future mission planning and rehearsal systems.

• TAWS / AREPS <---> PFPS and JMPS

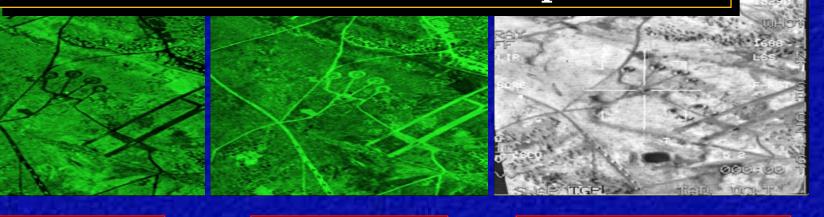
NAVMPS OAG TOP 10 Requirements

7 Develop execution simulation tools with route rehearsal that effectively integrates with the mission planning system and existing Navy and Marine Corps simulation development to include debriefing capability.

TAWS / IRTSS / OPARS / NFWB <--->
TopScene & FalconView and JMPS

IRTSS In-flight Comparisons

Mission rehearsal simulation
Sensor viewing / detection range
information / weather and
environmental effects incorporated



IR Black Hot

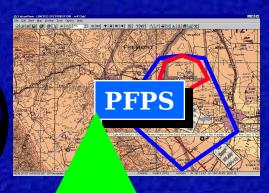
IR White Hot

Litening Pod Video

Currently a AFRL project
-21Feb02 will be installed Nellis AFB to
support
Red Flag and Weapon school

Target Acquisition Weapons Software (TAWS) Structure

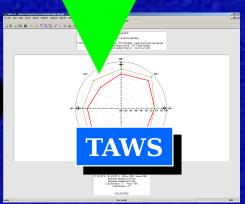






Mission planning PC







TAWS: What is it? What can it do for me?

Mission planning tool to optimize attack effectiveness while minimizing threat exposure

Integrates: OPS

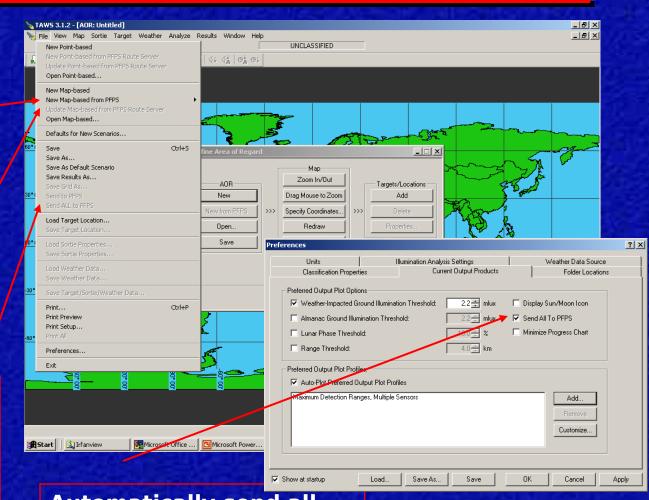
Target / Target background Environment parameters

Produces: TDA - attack effectiveness options

Battlespace / Target area SA

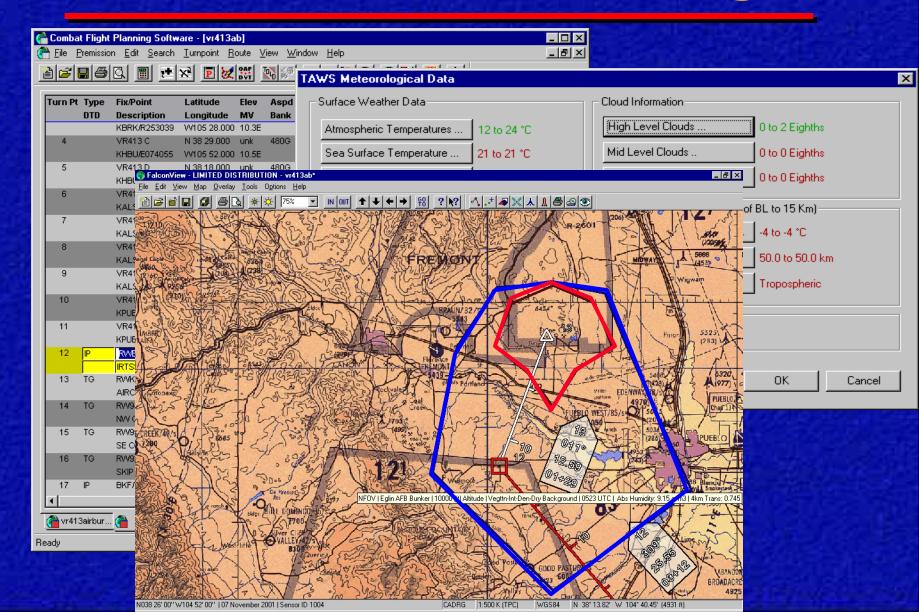
Improvements to Interface with PFPS

Option to initialize a **TAWS** sortie from the currently focused PFPS route or a CRD filetion to update the active TAWS scenario from the currently focused PFPS route. Options to send one or all available "byview-direction" graphs to FalconView in a single step.



Automatically send all available "by-view-direction" graphs to FalconView.

TDA Mission Planning



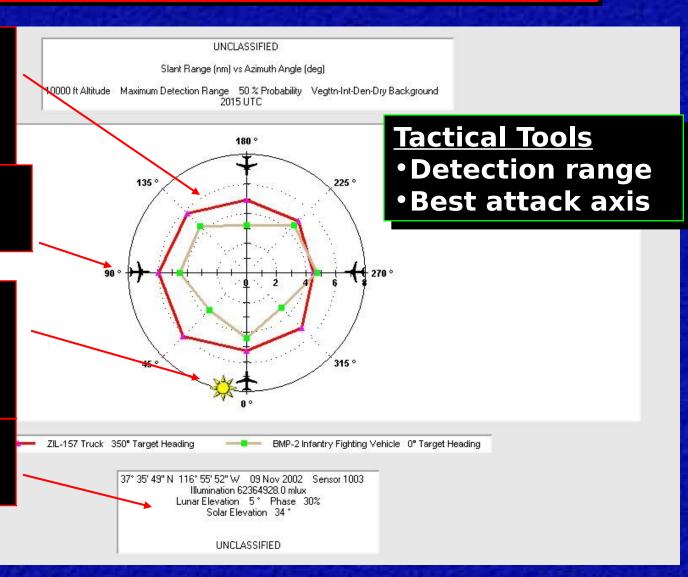
More Flexible Graphic Output Products

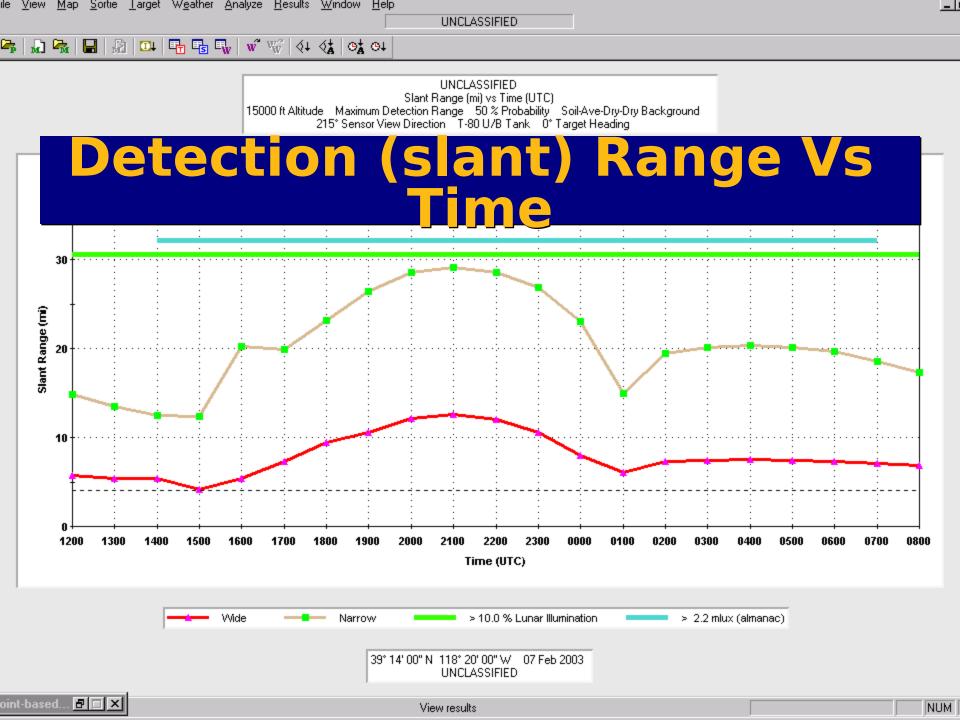
Plot results from multiple targets and/or sensors on a single graph.

Aircraft icons stress that graph is target-centric.

Sun/moon icons show azimuth angle of illumination source..

Legend includes specific solar/lunar info...

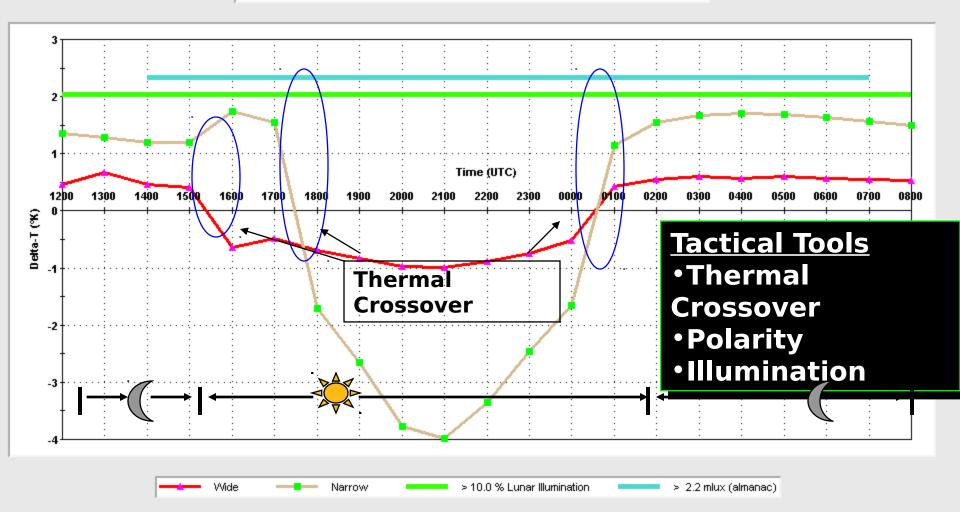




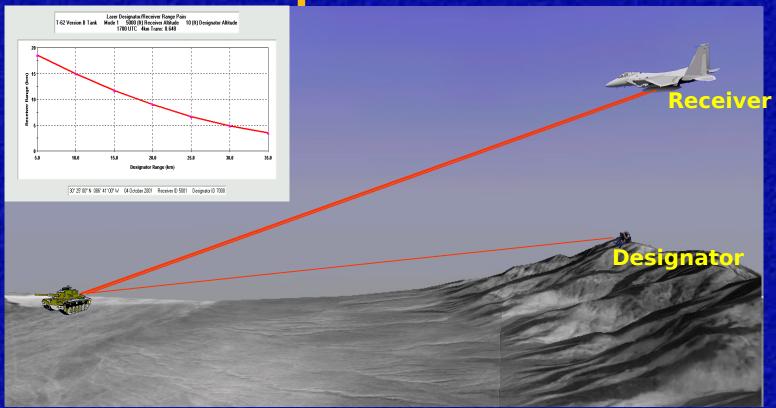


Thermal crossover times (Delta T Vs Time)

Delta-T (*K) vs Time (UTC) 15000 ft Altitude Maximum Detection Range 50 % Probability Soil-Ave-Dry-Dry Background 215° Sensor View Direction T-80 U/B Tank 0° Target Heading



TAWS Laser Detection Range product



Here we have a Special Forces troop on a 10,000 ft mountain top designating a T-62 tank in the valley below. The laser receiver is on the aircraft at 15,000 ft AGL. The TAWS output shows the possible designator and receiver range combinations.

JMEM Terminology

- "Detection"
 - Object is sighted
 - FLIR has seen thermal contrast
- "Recognition"
 - Object belongs to a class (vehicle)
- "Identification"
 - Object belongs to a subclass (tank)
- TAWS gives detection range not recognition or identification

TopGun's ROT for TAWS

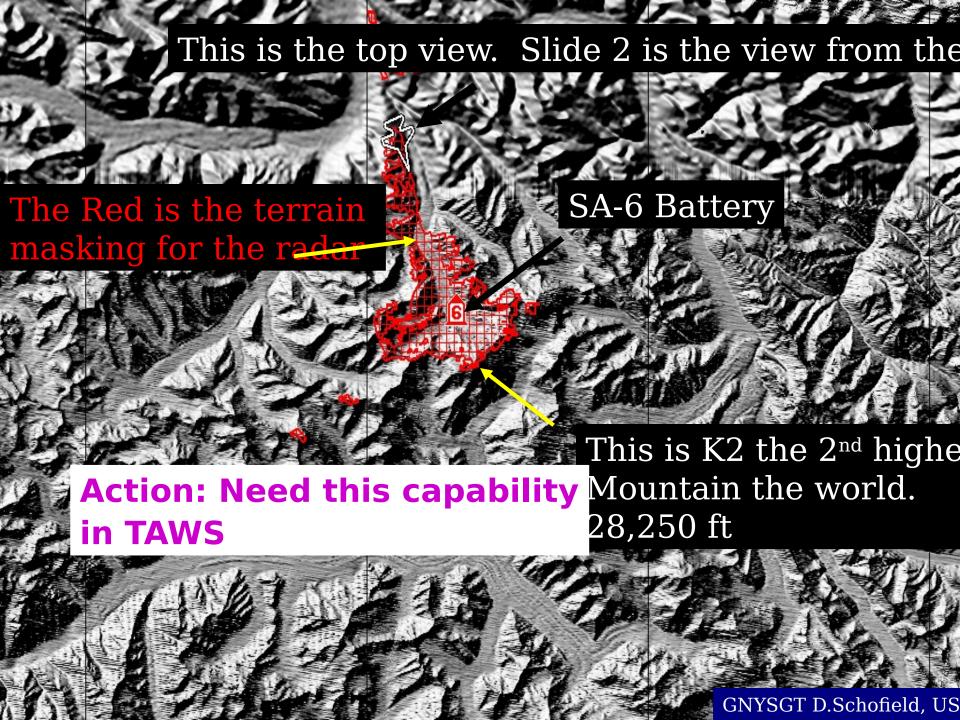
- 60 70 % of TAWS
 Detection range = target
 Recognition Range
 - Ex 15.1nm x .6 = 9.06nm
 - A/G Transition point 15nm
 - Radar OAP
 - FLIR handoff 9nm

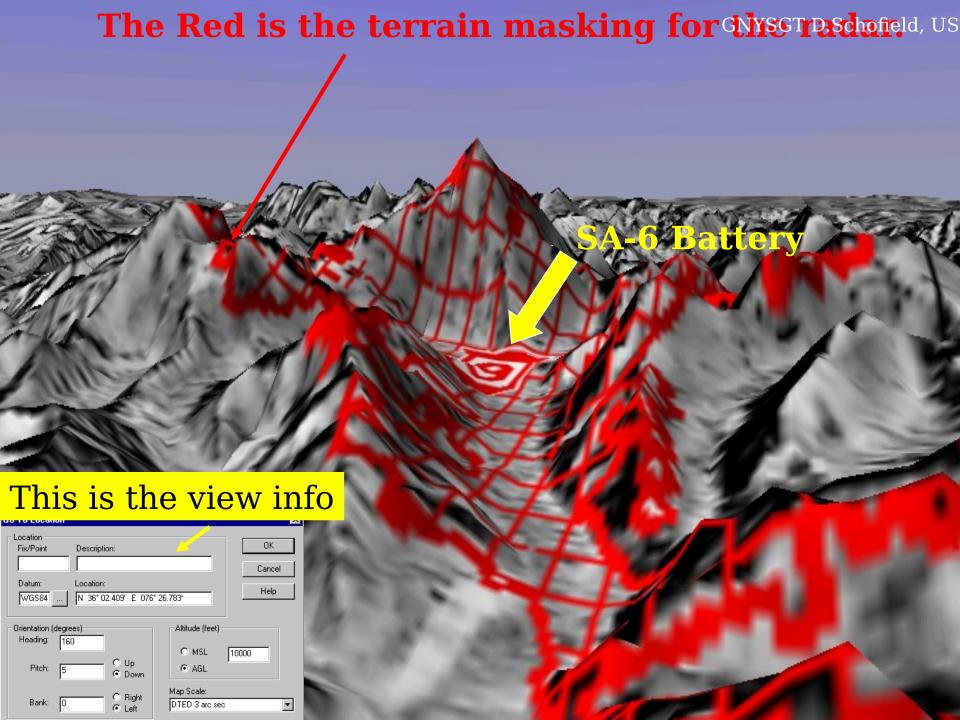
Does it work?

- OA divisions on CV(N) support strikes with TAWS
- Over 700 TAWS packages CY02 supporting 9 CVW Fallon DETs, SFTI courses and SFARP
- Pilot comments:
 - Changed attack heading, altitude, TOT?
 - Increased SA A-A -> A-G timing
 - Increased SA with sensor performance
 - Accurate (SLAM-ER, Hellfire, LGB etc)

MPUC 02/03 Limitations

- No Recognition range output (V3.1)
 - Version 3.2 if you make it a requirement
 - Now probability of detection
- No target building (Target editing)
 - Iraq target priority list in the works
 - JAWS categories
 - Increased METOC / INTEL connection
- Yes seamlessly integrated with MPS
- No terrain shadowing (DTED)
 - Version 3.2 if you make it a requirement





TAWS Version 3.1.2 Features

- Targets / Backgrounds
 - Navy's improved water background model for MWIR/LWIR
 - Additional targets in the TAWS target database
- Sensors
 - Army's ACQUIRE sensor performance model for IR/TV/NVG detection ranges and detection probabilities
 - Additional sensors in the TAWS sensor database
- Meteorological Data
 - Automated ingest of COAMPS weather data from the Navy's TEDS
 - More efficient regional weather download from TEDS
- Geographic Data
 - Ability to initialize background and albedo from Army TEC's high-resolution terrain features database
 - Ability to determine target shadowing and target masking from Army TEC's high-resolution terrain elevations database. ** Version 4 (Spring04) Need DTEDS**

TAWS Version 3.1.2 Features (cont.)

Usability Enhancements

- Merge NOWS capabilities into TAWS
- Allow separate saves for weather, sortie, Intel input components
- Copy across function for weather parameters
- Startup location is the last location used
- Flexible graphs
- Preferred output products automatically appear when analysis is done
- Preferred file locations
- Classified or unclassified processing
- Toolbar buttons for all major steps
- Context-sensitive help available with right mouse click

Interface to PFPS 3.2

- Load sortie / Intel information from PFPS route server or CRD file
- Automatically send output to FalconView map server

Miscellaneous

- New Illumination Quick Look option
- New Analyze over Grid option
- DII/COE Level 6 compliant
- NMCI Certified

Planned Version 4 Upgrades

- Targets / Backgrounds
 - Use JAWS target categories and subcategories
 - Allow target editing (change overall dimensions, paint color)
 - Support wakes for ship/boat targets
 - Support airborne targets for the IR/Laser (Apache/Kiowa)
 - Additional targets in the TAWS target database
- Sensors
 - Support recognition / identification ranges and probabilities
 - Support TV CCD sensors
 - Support near-IR pointer (Laser marker) Lightning 2 Pod
 - Additional sensors in the TAWS sensor database
- Atmospheric Transmission
 - Allow upward and near-horizontal LOS paths for the IR/Laser
 - Implement multi-layer transmission model

Planned Version 4 Upgrades (cont.)

- Meteorological Data
 - Download temperature profile from TEDS
- **♦ Interface to PFPS**
 - Support PFPS additional points (Desired Impact Points, Offset Target Points, and Offset Aim Points)
- Usability Enhancements
 - Port TAWS GUI to Java to support non-Windows platforms
 - Update the GUI look-ad-feel to correspond to the NITEDS II OOR
 - Interface to JMTK maps
 - Allow more flexible output tables
 - Support for target masking and shadowing using DTED
 - Support vulnerability predictions for target-based NVGs

AREPS

Advanced Refractive Effects Prediction System



Provide an operational and research capability to compute and display EM system propagation effects over water, across coastlines, and over varying terrain, including range-dependent refractive effects, for land-based, seabased, and airborne systems.

AREPS 3.0 New Features

User interface

- Single toolbar for all windows
- Quick-start buttons
- Step-by-step help

Enhanced popup menu fle Change options on-the-fly

FalconView interface

- Output to FalconView display / Save as FalconView draw files
- Reads FalconView threat files
- Reads various Electronic Order of Battle data files

Ground-wave HF communications

- Currently only propagation loss
- FY03 Skywave, specific system thresholding, numerous dis

COAMPS/MM5 forecast data ingest

- METOC center's DAMPS homepages
- Joint Army Air Force Weather Information Network

Automode

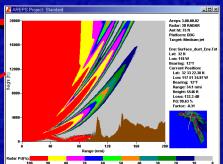
Run multiple projects in batch "hands-off" process

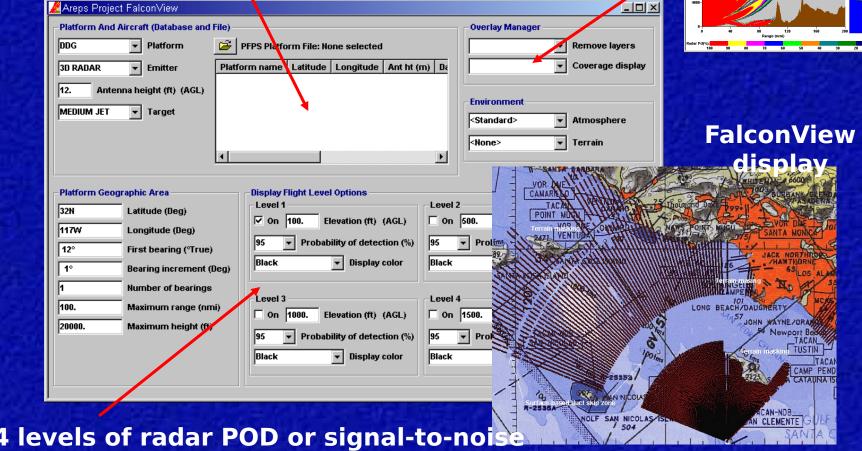
FalconView Overlay

Import various EOB files

All normal

AREPS displays



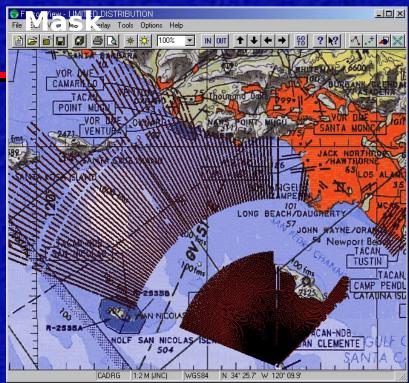


PFPS 3.1.2 Threat Detection Mask

Considerations

- Single number detection range
- Entered by operator or in threat file

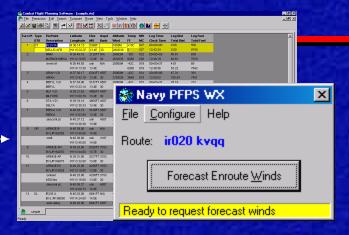
AREPS Threat Detection



Considerations

- Range/bearing/height variable atmosphere observed or forecast from numerical weather models
- Range/bearing terrain effects (DTED level 0, 1,or 2)
- System parameters of threat radar

N-PFPS



Automated Interface OPARS



TODAY

- 1. Open **N-PFPS** Interface
- 2. Build and Calculate Route
- 3. Open **N-PFPSWx** to Wind Route
- 4. N-PFPSWx accesses OPARS Data Server
- 5. Automatically enters Wind and Temp date into **N-PFPS** Route
- 6. Manual **OPARS** to **CRD** to **N-PFPS**

NFWB



FUIUKE

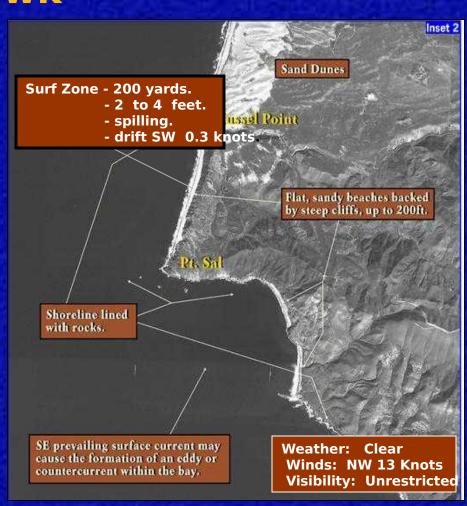
- 1. Open N-PFPS Interface
- 2. Choice of building route and/or Optimize Route calling **OPARS**
- 3. Open **N-PFPSWx** to Wind Route, import Optimized Route from OPARS Data Server
- 4. Access **NFWB** for DD 175-1

OPARS Development Efforts

- Implementation of OPARS as a Web Service
- Development of Interfaces between N-PFPS, OPARS and NFWB
- Use of N-PFPS FPMs by OPARS
- Expanded use of available Weather data

Target Area METOC TAM - Surf Hawk

- Developmental concept based on non-traditional uses of National Technical Means for METOC support to warfighter.
- Potential exists to retrieve:
 - Wind speed and direction
 - Cloud types, heights/ bases
 - Visibility
 - Wave height and direction



* LandSat used for illustration only

Euture METOC IMPS Post JC-1

- Sensor predictions & Wx / Env planning ID'd as post JC1 are funded Common Capability Requirements (CCR)
- Seamless SA and mission / platform specific METOC impacts... "Wx Button"
- Targeted system for Navy / USAF C4ISR METOC Interoperability
- GOAL: Geospatially Enabled METOC products that are in your decision-making loop



Thanks to the many contributors to this brief: TAWS: Dr Goroch, Mrs.
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JMPS: LCDR Raglin